

ABSTRAK

Fitriyanti Ismet. 841409086. Analisis Faktor-faktor yang Berhubungan dengan Imunisasi Dasar Lengkap Pada Balita di Desa Botubarani Kecamatan Kabila Bone Kabupaten Bone Bolango. Skripsi, Jurusan Keperawatan, Fakultas Ilmu-Ilmu Kesehatan dan Keolahragaan, Universitas Negeri Gorontalo. Pembimbing I dr. Zuhriana K. Yusuf, M.Kes. Pembimbing II Vik Salamanja, S.Kep, Ns, M.Kes.

Cakupan imunisasi di Desa Botubarani belum memenuhi UCI (*Universal Coverage Immunization*) yaitu cakupan imunisasi lengkap minimal 80% secara merata pada bayi di 100% desa/kelurahan. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui faktor-faktor yang berhubungan dengan imunisasi dasar lengkap pada balita di Desa Botubarani Kecamatan Kabila Bone Kabupaten Bone Bolango.

Jenis penelitian ini adalah penelitian observasional analitik dengan pendekatan *Cross Sectional*. Populasi dalam penelitian ini adalah seluruh balita di Desa Botubarani yaitu 148 balita. Sampel dipilih dengan cara *Purposive Sampling*, didapat 108 sampel. Yang menjadi responden dalam penelitian ini adalah ibu balita. Analisis Data dengan Uji *Chi-square*.

Hasil analisis menunjukkan urutan faktor yang paling berhubungan dengan imunisasi dasar lengkap pada balita di Desa Botubarani adalah pengetahuan (*Contingency Coefficient*= 0,200), sikap (*Contingency Coefficient*= 0,178), dukungan keluarga (*Contingency Coefficient*= 0,111), dan pelayanan petugas kesehatan (*Contingency Coefficient*= 0,089).

Berdasarkan hasil penelitian disimpulkan bahwa pengetahuan ibu, sikap ibu, dukungan keluarga dan pelayanan petugas kesehatan berhubungan secara bermakna terhadap imunisasi dasar lengkap pada balita ($p < 0,05$), sedangkan pendidikan ibu, pekerjaan ibu dan penghasilan keluarga tidak berhubungan secara bermakna terhadap imunisasi dasar lengkap pada balita ($p > 0,05$). Diharapkan petugas kesehatan setempat untuk memberikan informasi lebih kepada masyarakat agar masyarakat mengetahui lebih banyak tentang imunisasi

Kata kunci : Imunisasi, Balita

ABSTRACT

Fitriyanti Ismet, 841409086. An Analysis of Factors which Connected to Infant Complete Basic Immunization in Botubarani Village, Kabila Bone Sub District, Bone Bolango District. Nursing Department, Faculty of Sports and Health Sciences, Universitas Negeri Gorontalo. The principal supervisor was dr. Zuhriana Yusuf, M.Kes, the co-supervisor was Vik Salamanja, S.Kep, M.Kes.

The coverage of Immunization in Botubarani Village had not fulfilled UCI (Universal Coverage Immunization) which was the complete coverage of immunization minimal 80% spreadly to 100% of infants. This research aimed to find out factors which connected to infant basic complete immunization in Botubarani Village, Kabila Bone Sub District, Bone Bolango District.

This was an observational analytic research by cross sectional approach. The population was all babies in Botubarani village which were 148 babies. The sample was taken through purposive sampling and it was 108 babies as samples. The respondents were mothers' infant. The data analyzed through chi-square test.

The analysis showed that factors which connected to infant complete basic immunization in Botubarani Village as follow: knowledge (Contingency coefficient =0,200), attitude (Contingency coefficient =0,178), family support (Contingency coefficient =0,111) and health officer service (Contingency coefficient =0,089)

The conclusion was mothers' attitude and knowledge, family support and health officer service were important on infants' complete basic immunization ($p < 0,05$) while mothers' education, job and income did not connect significantly toward infants' complete basic immunization ($p > 0,05$). it was expected to health staff to provide information for society. Therefore they would know more about immunization.

Keywords: Immunization, Infants