

Chapter V

Conclusion and Suggestion

Conclusion

Based on the preview explanation on the chapter IV, it can be concluded as follow: to form general noun from verb base, suffixes –ation, -ion, -ment, -ing, -al, -ance, -ence, -ee, -se, and –ure should be applied. In the contrary, in Muna language, prefixes ka- and o- should be attached to form general noun. To form noun as agent or actor from verb base, suffixes –er, -or, and –ant should be attached in English, whereas in Muna language, confixes me-no, mo-no, mo-e, fo-no, -um-no, and -um-e should be attached. In forming noun as locative and instrument in Muna language, confixes ka-ha, and kae-ha should be attached. Whereas in forming noun as instrument in English, suffixes –er and –or should be added. However in English, the formation in forming noun as locative is not found.

English and Muna language have the differences and similarities. The similarities are both languages can change verb to noun by adding affixes in forming general noun, noun as agent or actor and noun as instrument. It is different from Muna language, where to change verb base into noun as locative, to form general noun and noun as agent or actor are by adding suffixes in English; whereas in Muna language, they are formed by adding prefixes and confixes.

Suggestion

Based on conclusion, the researcher gives some suggestions, as follows:

- a. This research is expected to be a reference for the next research in contrasting two languages or more and as reference to do research about Muna language.
- b. This research is expected to give information about Muna language.

- c. It is expected that readers to know more about the differences and similarities in Muna and English in daily language communication.
- d. The other researchers are expected to make further research in some other aspects in maintaining the language as local culture.
- e. The result of this research will be useful document in maintaining Muna language as traditional culture.
- f. The researcher realizes that this research was limited coverage. So, it is suggested to enlarge the focus related to this research.

References

- Adams , V. (2001). *Complex Words in English*. London: Longman
- Akhgari, E. (2007) Word Formation: Prefixes & Suffixes, English for Computer Science Extra Notes #3. Sharif University of Technology
- Alwasilah, A. C. (1993). *Linguistik Suatu Pengantar*. Bandung: Angkasa
- Berg, v. D. (1989). A grammar Of the Muna Language. Holland. Foris Publicatons. ISBN 90 6765 454 x. *A grammar of the Muna Language*. Verhandelingen Van het koninklijk instituut Voor Taal-, Land, En Volkenkunde. Cahill. M., Brown, B., & González, M. (ed.). (2013) Netherlands. Sil e-Books 52. ↳2013 SIL International®. ISBN: 978-1-55671-343-9. ISSN: 1934-2470
- Catford J.C. et.al. (1974) *Contrastive Study on English and Arabic*. University of Michigan. Defense Language Institute
- Delahunty, G. P., & Garvey J. J. (2010) *The English Language From Sound to Sense*. Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data. Colorado State University
- Gilson, T. (2007). *IndoDic E-Kamus* (version 1.2). IndoDic Media. www.IndoDic.com
- Hartiningsi, N. K. (2013). *Contrastive Analysis of Derivational Suffixes between English and Balinese Language*. Gorontalo: Unpublished Skripsi Gorontalo State University
- Heath, A. W. (1997). The Proposal in Qualitative Research. *The Qualitative Report*, Volume 3, Number 1, March, 1997 (<http://www.nova.edu/ssss/QR/QR3-1/heath.html>)
- Infleksi Dan Derivasi Dalam Bahasa Muna. (2011). Retrieved June 27, 2013 from <http://icesaja.blogspot.com/2011/12/infleksi-dan-derivasi-dalam-bahasa-muna.html>
- Jeffries, L. (2006).*Discovering Language, the Structure of Modern English*. New York: Palgrave Macmillan ISBN 1-4039-1261-0 – ISBN 1-4039-1262-9. PE1106.J44 2006. 425–dc22 2006044297
- Kosur, H. M. (n.d). Deriving Nouns from Verbs: Names for People. *Deriving Nouns from Verbs: Names for People*. Goss, T. (Ed.). 2012. Retrieved from <http://www.brighthubeducation.com/esl-lesson-plans/58885-types-of-derivation-in-english/>
- Marafad, L. O. S. (2012). *Muatan Lokal Pelajaran Bahasa Wuna (Semester 1&2)Untuk SD/MI Kelas 4*.Muna: Depdikbud Kabupaten Muna.
- _____. (2012). *Muatan Lokal Pelajaran Bahasa Wuna (Semester 1&2)Untuk SD/MI Kelas 3*. Muna: Depdikbud Kabupaten Muna.
- Muin, A. (2004). *Analisis Kontrastif Bahasa Arab dan Bahasa Indonesia (Telaah Terhadap Fonetik dan Morfologi)*. Jakarta: Pustaka Al Husna Baru
- Nagy and Anderson. (1984). *Word Study Strategies*. Cambridge: Vambridge University Press

- Nikelas, S. (1988). *Pengantar Linguistik Untuk Guru Bahasa*. Jakarta: Depdikbud
- Pateda, M. (2009). *Morfology*. Gorontalo: Viladan
- Pateda, M. (2004). *Analisi Kesalahan*. Gorontalo. Viladan
- Pater, J. (n.d). Austronesian Nasal Substitution Revisited. (Slightly revised version appeared in Lombardi, L. (ed.). (2001). Segmental phonology in Optimality Theory: Constraints and Representations. Cambridge University Press. 159-182). Amherst. University of Alberta and University of Massachusetts
- Parker, F. (1986). *Linguistics for Non-Linguists*. London: Taylor & Francis Ltd
- Pranowo (1996). *Analisis Pengajaran Bahasa untuk Mahasiswa Jurusan Bahasadan Guru Bahasa*. Yogyakarta: Gajah Mada University Press
- Priyambodo, G. (2004). *Ultimate English in Guidance Comprehensive Guide for Reading and Oral Proficiency Mastery*. Jakarta: Visipro
- Priyanto, B. (2012). *Infleksi dan Derivasi dalam Bahasa Inggris, dengan dan Tanpa Afiksasi, dengan dan tanpa perubahan bentuk*. Retrieved from eprints.uny.ac.id/4808/1/Infleksi_dan_Derivasi_dalam_bhs_Inggris,.pdf
- Rozelin, D. (2011). Derivasional dan Infleksional Bahasa Inggris. *Media Akademika*, Vol. 26, No. 4, Oktober 2011. Jambi: Fakultas Adab IAIN Sulthan Thaha Saifuddin Jambi
- Razak, R. A. (2013). *Contrastive Analysis of Derivational Prefixes Between Atinggola and English Language*. Gorontalo: Unpublished Skripsi, Gorontalo State University
- Runcie, M. (2002). *Oxford, Collocations Dictionary for Students of English*. New York: Oxford University Press
- Saeed, G. M & Fatihi, A. R. (n.d). A Contrastive Analysis of Inflectional Affixes in English and Arabic . *Language In India Strength for Today and Bright Hope for Tomorrow*.
- Thirumalai, et.al (Ed.). (2001). Department of Linguistics Aligarh Muslim University. www.languageinindia.com. Volume 11 : 5 May 2011. ISSN 1930-2940.
- Sahadu, K. W. (2010). *Contrastive Analysis of English and Buolese Tenses*. Gorontalo: (Unpublished) Gorontalo State University.
- Said, R. (2013). *Proses Morfonemik dalam Bahasa Muna (Suatu Kajian Deskriptif)*. Kendari: (Unpublished) Universitas Haluoleo Kendari
- Sandelowski, M. (2000). Focus on Research Methods Whatever Happened to Qualitative Description? Steven. (2002). 'S Wonderful, 'S Mysterious, 'S Language : Language and Psychology. *Research in Nursing & Health*, 2000, 23, 334±340. University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, #7640, Carrington Hall, School of Nursing, Chapel Hill Schäufele,

- Silzer, P. J. & Finley, T. J. (2004). *How Biblical Language Work: A Student's Guide Learning Hebrew and Greek.*. Grand Rapids: Kregel Academic
- SIL International. 2004. *What is derivation?* Retrieved April 30th, 2014 from <http://www-01.sil.org/linguistics/glossaryoflinguisticterms/WhatIsDerivation.htm>
- Sugiyono, S. (2008). *Memahami Penelitian Qualitative* (4th ed.). Bandung: Alvabeta
- Sukaryana, I. N. (1997). *Struktur Bahasa Mambai*. Jakarta: Depdikbud
- Syaiful, M. (2009). Gorontalo. *Contrastive Analysis between Gorontalese and English in the Past Verb Form*.: Gorontalo Unpublished Skripsi Gorontalo State University
- Uhlenbeck, E. M. (1965). *Ilmu Bahasa Pengantar Dasar. Indonesian Linguistics Developments Project*. Jakarta: Djambatan Jakarta
- Verhaar, J.W.M. (1996). *Asas-Asas Linguistik Umum*. Yogyakarta: Gajah Mada University Press.
- Yasin, S. (1988). *Tinjauan Deskriptif Seputar Morfologi*. Surabaya: Usaha Nasional.