

ABSTRACT

Sutryaningsih. 2014. *Description of Knowledge and Maternal Attitudes about Cervical Cancer in Dulohupa Village, Subdistrict of Telaga, District of Gorontalo in 2014.* Skripsi, department of Nurse, Faculty of Health and Sport Sciences, Universitas Negeri Gorontalo. The principal supervisor was **dr. Zuhriana K. Yusuf, M.Kes** and co supervisor was **Ns. Wirda Y. Dulahu, S.Kep, M.Kep.**

Cervical cancer is second largest number cancer that affects women in the world and 80% occurs in developing countries. The World Health Organization reported that there were 15,000 cases of cervical cancer every year which were found in Indonesia. The research aimed at understanding overview of the knowledge and maternal attitudes about cervical cancer.

The research applied quantitative descriptive with cross sectional approach. Population was 384 people (mother) while 89 people were taken as samples through purposive sampling. Data collection applied questionnaire while data analysis used univariate.

The result showed that knowledge of cervical cancer was categorized into such as good for 6 respondents (6,7%), sufficient for 24 respondents (27,0%), and less from 59 respondents (66,3%). Attitude of cervical cancer was categorized into positive attitude for 86 respondents (96,6%) and negative attitude for 3 respondents (3,4%).

To sum up, mothers in Dulohupa village had less knowledge and positive attitude about cervical cancer. Therefore, village government are able to notice educational level, care workers in Dulohupa village to conduct health guidance and promotion in order to encourage health service.

Keywords: Knowledge, Attitude, Cervical Cancer

