

ABSTRACT

Wahyudin Abd. Rahman. The Relationship between the Level of Confidence and the Attitude of *Pulmonary Tuberculosis* Patient at RSUD Prof. Dr. H. Aloi Saboe, 2015. Skripsi. Department of Nursing, Faculty of Health and Sport Sciences, Universitas Negeri Gorontalo. The principal supervisor is Suwarly Mobiliu, S.Kp., M.Kep., and the co-supervisor is Vivien Novarina A. Kasim, M.Kes.

Pulmonary tuberculosis is a kind of infectious disease. The patient usually experiences physical change such as the body becomes thinner and pale, coughing, weakness. Often these changes make the patient feel embarrass, less attention, and offensive, and these lead to the lack of confidence. This research aims at analyzing the level of confidence and the attitude of *Pulmonary tuberculosis* patient.

This is an analytic descriptive research by applying Cross sectional approach. The population consists of 39 patients, and the sample consists of 30 patients taken by Accidental Sampling. The data is analyzed by Chi Square statistical test.

The result shows that the patients who have high confidence but negative attitude are 3 patients (16.7%), and those with positive attitude are 7 patients (58.3%). The patients who have low confidence and negative attitude are 15 patients (83.3%), and those with positive attitude are 5 patients (41.7%). The analysis concludes that there is a relationship between self confidence and the attitude of *Pulmonary Tuberculosis* patient adjusted by the significance level (0.05) resulted in p -value 0.018.

It is suggested for the patient and the family to prevent the *Pulmonary Tuberculosis* disease and to have positive attitude. The health officer is also expected to give health education to prevent the disease.

Keywords: self confidence, *Pulmonary tuberculosis*

