

ABSTRAK

Nurfaizah Y. Rupu. 2015. *Faktor-Faktor yang Mempengaruhi Penerimaan Orang Tua Anak Retardasi Mental di SLB Negeri Pohuwato*. Skripsi, Jurusan Ilmu Keperawatan, Fakultas Ilmu-Ilmu Kesehatan dan Keolahragaan, Universitas Negeri Gorontalo, Pembimbing I dr. Vivien Novarina, M.Kes, dan Pembimbing II Rhein R. Djunaid, S.Kep, Ns, M.Kes.

Anak dengan retardasi mental biasanya mendapat tanggapan negatif dari masyarakat sehingga hal tersebut menimbulkan dampak bagi penerimaan orangtua terhadap anak. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui faktor-faktor yang mempengaruhi penerimaan orang tua anak retardasi mental di SLB Negeri Pohuwato. Penelitian ini dilakukan dengan metode *Survei Deskriptif*. Dengan Populasi orangtua anak retardasi mental di SLB Negeri Pohuwato berjumlah 51 responden, dengan teknik sampling *Total Sampling* dan analisa distribusi, frekuensi. Hasil penelitian didapatkan bahwa seluruh orang tua dari anak retardasi mental dapat menerima kondisi anaknya yang mengalami retardasi mental. Faktor-faktor yang mempengaruhi penerimaan orangtua terbanyak pada usia 36-59 tahun (84,3%), tingkat pendidikan yang rendah (68,6%), ekonomi keluarga yang kurang (62,7%), dukungan sosial yang baik (82,4%), latar belakang agama yang baik (94,1%), status keharmonisan perkawinan yang baik (96,1%) dan sarana penunjang yang kurang (54,9%).

Berdasarkan hasil penelitian diatas dapat disimpulkan bahwa faktor-faktor yang mempengaruhi penerimaan orang tua anak retardasi mental di SLB Negeri Pohuwato adalah usia, pendidikan, ekonomi keluarga, dukungan sosial, latar belakang agama, keharmonisan perkawinan dan sarana penunjang. Disarankan kepada orang tua yang memiliki anak retardasi mental untuk melakukan kerja sama yang baik dengan pihak sekolah guna untuk meningkatkan kemampuan dari anak retardasi mental.

Kata Kunci : Retardasi mental, Penerimaan orangtua
Daftar Pustaka : 26 (2002-2014)

ABSTRACT

Nurfaizah Y. Rupu. 2015. *Factors Influencing Parents' Acceptance toward Their Mentally Retarded Children in the School for Children with Special Needs (SLB) Pohuwato.* Skripsi. Department of Nursing, Faculty of Health Science and Sports, State University of Gorontalo. Principal Supervisor was dr. Vivien Novarina, M.Kes., and Co-supervisor was Rhein R. Djunaid, S.Kep, Ns, M.Kes.

Mentally retarded children are often negatively perceived by the community and this perception often has an impact on their parents' acceptance toward these children. This research was designed to find out the factors that influenced the parents' acceptance toward their mentally retarded children in SLB Pohuwato. This research was conducted using the descriptive survey method. The population of parents with mentally retarded children were 51 respondents, and the sampling method was total sampling with distribution analysis, frequency. This research revealed that all parents of the retarded children openly accepted their children regarded to their mental condition. Factors that influenced the parents' acceptance toward their retarded children were mostly in the aged of 36-59 years (84.3%), their low level of education (68.6%), low level of economic (62.7%), good social support (82.4%), good religious background (94.1%), and the good marriage condition (96.1%) and the lack of supporting facilities (54.%).

Based on these findings it can be concluded that the factors influencing the parental' acceptance toward their mentally retarded children in SLB Pohuwato were the age, level of education, economic level of the family, social supports, religious background, good marriage condition, and other supporting facilities. It was recommended to the parents who have mentally retarded children to have a good cooperation with the school in order to improve their children's ability.

Keywords: Mentally Retarded, Parental Acceptance.

References: 26 (2002-2014).

