Chapter 5: Conclusion and Suggestion

This chapter focuses to discuss conclusion and suggestion. Firstly, it deals with conclusion and the second one is suggestion. After getting the research findings and then making the research discussion, so the researcher make conclusion. Then suggestion which gives inspiration and guidance for the further researcher.

Conclusion

The research can be concluded that all maxims are used in USA Presidential election debating in 2012, all the data is 48 utterances, there are 4 utterances employed tact maxim which is minimize cost to other and maximize benefit to other, where 1 include in directive impossitive and 3 include in commisive. 1 utterance employed generosity maxim which is minimize benefit to self and maximize cost to self, which include in impossitive. 22 utterances employed approbation maxim which is minimize dispraise of other and maximize praise of other, there are 20 utterances include in expressive and assertive. 2 utterances employed modesty maxim which is minimize praise of self and maximize dispraise of self, there are 2 utterances include in expressive. 12 utterances employed agreement maxim which is minimize disagreement between self and other and maximize agreement between self and other, there are 12 utterances from assertive. 7 utterances employed sympathy maxim there are 7 utterances include in assertive,

where the maxim was happened when the speaker minimize antipathy between self and other and maximize sympathy between self and other.

In USA Presidential election debate in 2012, the two candidates applied the six maxims, although in generosity maxim found 1 data in that debate. But, it has variety of maxims in that debate. They looked more polite when they responded or rebutted the questions.

From the research findings, it is found that the most dominant or the maxims are dominate that used by the two candidates in when followed USA Presidential election debating in 2012 is approbation maxim which is minimize dispraise of other and maximize praise of other. These maxims are applied in expressive and assertive illocutionary function. The approbation maxim is exampled by courtesy of congratulation. The first part of the maxims is somewhat similar to the politeness strategy of avoiding disagreement. The second part fits in with the positive politeness strategy of making other people feel good by showing solidarity. That is the two candidates' strategy to show their polite act.

When the researcher interpret the utterances include in kinds of politeness maxims which proposed by Leech, previously the researcher classified the utterances into the kinds of illocutionary act which proposed by Searle. Because Leech (1983) said that in different situations, kinds and degrees of politeness also different. So, illocutionary functions have the relation with the social goal of establishing and maintaining comity.

In analyzing politeness maxim in debate, the researcher should be pay attention in context, because context also determines the utterances include in politeness maxims.

This research related with the meaning and context of speech.

Suggestion

Based on the result of the research, there are some suggestion for the next researcher who are interesting in choosing this topic or doing similar research. You can use this skripsi as new reference. This research can give inspiration and guidance to further researcher. If they want to look the examples of six maxims, they are tact maxim, generosity maxim, approbation maxim, modesty maxim, agreement maxim, and sympathy maxim.

In students in English education program, in taking pragmatic course, especially discuss politeness maxim, they can look the examples of utterances include in kinds of politeness maxim. They will know the utterances include in politeness maxim which determine by illocutionary function. After the students read this skripsi they can apply these maxims in their language usage in daily life or especially in debating. For the lecture who teach pragmatic course especially discuss politeness maxim, they can apply debating method to improve the students ability in comprehending kinds of politeness maxims. So the students will apply in their daily life by using politeness maxim in their speech.

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Appendix

Data findings in the first debate session

Timeline	Participant	Utterances	Illocutionary Function	Kinds of maxims	Analysis
29:37-29:38	Mitt Romney	1. I don't want to	Impossitive and	Tact	The utterance <i>I don't want to kill</i>
		kill jobs in this	commissive		jobs is a statement that can be
		environment			classified as a kind of impositive
					illocution. Governor Romney
					advised to Mr. President to do not
					kill jobs, because it can make
					American people unemployment.
					Advising utterance is one of the

		impossitive illocution. From that
		utterance, it shows that Mr. Mitt
		Romney was promising and vowing
		to American people. He did not
		want to look American people
		unemployment. Vowing and
		promising include in commissive
		illocution. From that utterance, it
		shows that Mr. Mitt Romney was
		maximize benefit to other. He
		minimized cost to other. So, It can
		be known this utterance as kind of
		tact maxim.

01:27:43-	Mitt Romney	2. If I'm president, I	Commissive	Tact	The utterance <i>I will create help</i> is
01:27:47		will create – help			the statement that can be showed
		create 12 million			promising or vowing utterance.
		new jobs in this			Promising and vowing utterance are
		country with rising			kinds of commissive illocution.
		incomes			Governor Romney promised to the
					audiences, so they will choose him
					as the next president in USA. He
					thought 12 million new jobs with
					rising incomes will make American
					people will unemployment.
					Governor Romney maximize benefit
					to American people with create the
					new jobs. It can be known this

				utterance as kind tact maxim.
Barack	3. No, I – I think I've	Impossitive	Generosity	The statement I had five second
Obama	– I had five			before you interrupted me is a
	second before you			statement that can be showed
	interrupted me			begging utterance. Expressing of
				begging is one kind of impossitive
				illocution. Mr. President begged to
				the moderator, to do not interrupt
				him. He minimized benefit to
				himself. It can be known this
				utterance is kind of generosity
				maxim.
		Obama — I had five second before you	Obama – I had five second before you	Obama — I had five second before you

00:45-00:51	Barack	4. Well thank you	Expressive	Approbation	The utterances well thank you very
	Obama	very much, Jim,			much, and I want to thank is the
		for this			statement of congratulating. In
		opportunity. I			expressing of congratulating can be
		want to thank			classified into expressive illocution.
		Governor Romney			Mr. President Barack Obama
		and the University			congratulate to Jim and for
		of Denver for			Governor Romney and the
		your hospitality			University of Denver by utterances
					"thank you very much" and "I want
					to thank" and the last of his
					utterances he said "for your
					hospitality". Expressive illocution
					include in kinds of approbation

					maxim, it can be known Mr.
					President was minimize dispraise of
					other and maximized praise to other.
02:53-03:00	Mitt Romney	5. Thank you, Jim.	Expressive	Approbation	The utterances thank you is a
		It's an honor to			statement that can be showed the
		be here with you,			expressing of thanking. Expressing
		and I appreciate			of thanking is one kind of
		the chace to be			expressive illocution. Mitt Romney
		with the president.			thank to Jim, as the moderator in
		I am pleased to be			that debate, and the utterances It's
		at the University			an honor to be here with you, and I
		of Denver,			appreciate, I am pleased, and
		appreciate their			appreciate their welcome is a
		welcome and also			statements that can be classified as

		the presidential			kind of expressive. This expressive
		comission on these			is a thanking and praising
		debates.			utterances. Governor Romney was
					maximizing praise of other and
					minimizing dispraise of other. It's
					kind of approbation maxim.
24:07-24:08	Barack	6. I like it	Expressive	Approbation	The utterance <i>I like it</i> is a statement
	Obama				that can be showed praising
					utterance. Expressing of praising is
					kind of expressive illocution. Mr.
					President praised governor Romney
					about Obamacare. Mr. President
					maximized praise of other. It can be
					known this utterance is kind of

					approbation maxim.
37:38-37:44	Barack	7. She had worked	Expressive	Approbation	The utterance she had worked all
	Obama	all her life, put in			her life is a statement that can be
		this money and			classified as a kind of expressive.
		understood that			This expressive is praising
		there was a basic			utterance. Mr. President praised to
		guarantee, a floor			his grandmother who've worked
		under which she			hard. Mr. President maximized
		could not go.			praise of his grandmother. It can be
					known this utterance is kind of
					approbation maxim.
50:28-50:30	Barack	8. Now, Governor	Expressive	Approbation	The utterance <i>I appreciate</i> is
	Obama	Romney has said			expressing of praising. This praising
		he wants to repeal			as kind of expressive illocution. Mr.

		Dodd-Frank, and,			President praise to governor
		you know. I			Romney about his respond. Mr.
		appreciate.			President maximize praised of other.
					It can be known this utterance is
					kind of approbation maxim.
01:14:45-	Mitt Romney	9. And congratulate	Expressive	Approbation	The utterance <i>congratulate him</i> is a
01:14:47		him for pursuing			statement as kind of expressive.
		that. That the			This expressive is congratulating
		federal			utterance. Governor Romney
		government can			congratulated the Secretary Arne
		get local and – and			Duncan, and the utterance to do a
		state schools to do			better job is a statement of praising
		a better job.			utterance. He also praised Arne
					Duncan as secretary of federal

					government. Governor Romney maximize praise to Arne Duncan as secretary of federal government. It can be known this utterance as kind
01.00.04					of approbation maxim.
01:20:26-	Barack	10. You've done a	Expressive and	Approbation	The utterance you've done a great
01:20:27	Obama	great job, Jim	assertive		<i>job, Jim</i> is statement that can be classified as kind of expressive utterance. This expressive is praising utterance. Mr. President was praised Mr. Jim Lehrer as the moderator, but before that Mr. Jim Lehrer also stated that <i>I've done a poor job</i> . That's kind of assertive.

					Mr. President maximized praise of Mr. Jim Lehrer. It can be known this utterance is kind of approbation maxim.
01:24:33-	Barack	11. Well, Jim, I want	Expressive	Approbation	The utterance <i>I want to thank</i> , is a
01:24:42	Obama	to thank you and			statement that can be showed the
		I want to thank			expressing of thanking, expressing
		Governor			of thanking include in expressive
		Romney, because			illocution. Then Mr. President
		I think this was a			praised that debate so he said that I
		terrific debate			very much appreciate it. Thanking
		and I very much			and praising are kinds of expressive
		appreciate it.			illocution. Mr. President maximize
		And I want to			praise of other. It can be known this

		thank the			utterance is kind approbation
		University of			maxim.
		Denver.			
24:03-24:06	Mitt Romney	12. "Obamacare" is	Expressive	Modesty	The utterance <i>I apologize</i> is a
		on my list. I			statement that can be classified as a
		apologize , Mr.			kind of expressive. This expressive
		President. I use			is an apologizing utterance.
		that term with all			Governor Romney apologized to
		respect.			Mr. President and the next statement
					has similar, by using expressive.
					The utterance is <i>I use that term with</i>
					all respect. This expressive is
					praising utterance. Governor praised
					Mr. President. He maximize

					dispraise of himself. It can be
					known this utterance is kind of
					modesty maxim.
24:10-24:11	Barack	13. I'm sorry	Expressive	Modesty	The utterance <i>I'm sorry</i> is a
	Obama				statement that can be classified as a
					kind of expressive. This expressive
					is kind of apologizing. Governor
					Romney apologized to moderator.
					He answered the question, with said
					sorry. He is very polite. He
					maximize dispraised between
					himself and Mr. President. It can be
					known this utterance is kind of
					modesty maxim.

06:02-06:04	Barack	14. Governor	Assertive	Agreement	The utterance Governor Romney
	Obama	Romney and I			and I both agree is a statement that
		both agree that			can be classified as a kind of
		our corporate tax			assertive. This assertive is a stating
		rate is too high			utterance that maximized agreement
					between him and Governor
					Romney. Based on planned from
					both of candidates, have similar, Mr.
					President agree with the statement
					from Governor Romney. It can be
					known this utterance is kind of
					agreement maxim.

06:21-06:24	Barack	15. Governor Romney	Assertive	Agreement	The utterance we both agree is a
	Obama	and I, we both			statement that can be showed stating
		agree that we've			utterance. This assertive is a stating
		got to boost			utterance Mr. President stated agree
		American energy			about energy production. Stating
		production.			utterance is one kind of assertive
					illocution. Mr. President showed
					agreement. He was maximizing
					agreement between him and
					Governor Romney. It can be known
					this utterance is kind of agreement
					maxim.
08:48-08:49	Mitt Romney	16. First, education. I	Assertive	Agreement	The utterance <i>I agree</i> is a statement
		agree, education is			that can be classified as a kind of

		key			assertive. This assertive is a stating utterance, Governor Romney maximize agreement between himself and Mr. President, it can be known this statement is a kind of
09:14-09:15	Mitt Romney	17. Taxation. We agree	Assertive	Agreement	agreement maxim. The utterance we agree is a statement that can be classified as a kind of assertive. This assertive is a stating utterance. Governor Romney stated that "we agree" it means that he agree with the statement from Mr. President. They wanted to make tax rates down or lower it. This state

					was maximize agreement between Governor Romney and Mr. President. It can be known this utterance is kind of agreement maxim.
47:09-47:11	(S) Mitt	18. Absolutely	Assertive	Agreement	The utterances <i>absolutely</i> and <i>yes</i> is
and	Romney				a statement that can be classified as
47:09-47:10					a kind of assertive. This assertive is
	(H) Barack	Yes			stating utterance. From that
	Obama				converstaion above the two
					candidates stated they were agree
					with the question from moderator.
					Mr. President maximized agreement
					between himself and moderator,

					governor Romney either. It can be
					known this utterances is kind of
					agreement maxim.
50:30-50:32	Barack	19. And it appears	Assertive	Agreement	The utterance it appears we've got
	Obama	we've got some			some agreement is a statement that
		agreement that a			can be classified as kind of
		merketplace to			assertive. This assertive is stating
		work has to have			utterance. Before that sentence, he
		some regulation			stated that <i>I appreciate</i> he also
					praised governor. Eventhough he
					said that he appreciated with that, so
					it means that he agree with the
					governor. Mr. President maximized
					agreement between himself and

					governor Romney, with marked by <i>I</i> appreciate and followed by <i>it</i> appears we've got some agreement. It can be known this utterance is kind of agreement maxim.
59:45-59:53	Barack Obama	20. And I agree the the Democratic legislators in Massachusetts might have given some advice to Republicans in Congress about how to cooperate.	Assertive	Agreement	The statement and I agree is a statement that can be classified as kind of assertive. This assertive is stating utterance. Mr. President stated he agree with governor's opinion. Mr. President maximized agreement between himself and Governor Romney. It can be known this utterance is kind of agreement

					maxim.
01:03:13-	Mitt Romney	21. I agree on, which	Assertive	Agreement	The utterance <i>I agree</i> is a statement
01:03:20		is the – the key			that can be classified as kind of
		task we have in			stating utterance. Stating is a kind of
		health care is to			assertive illocution. In this
		get the costs down			statement, Governor Romney stated
		so it's more			that he agree with the Mr.
		affordable for			President's opinion about health
		families			care is to get the costs down.
					Governor Romney maximizes
					agreement between himself and Mr.
					President. It can be known this
					utterance is kind agreement maxim.

01:14:34-	Mitt Romney	22. And I – and I	Assertive	Agreement	The utterance is <i>I agree</i> is a
01:14:45		agree with			statement that can be classified as
		Secretary Arne			kind of assertive. This utterance is
		Duncan. He's –			stating utterance. On his utterance,
		there's some ideas			Governor Romney agrees with the
		he's put forward			federal government, because they
		on Race to the			have responsibility to improve the
		Top – not all of			quality of public education in
		them but some of			America. Not all of them, but
		them I agree			Governor Romney minimized
					disagreement between himself and
					some of government who did not
					have responsibility. While,
					Governor Romney maximizes

					agreement between himself and
					some of government who have
					responsibility. It can be known this
					utterance as kind of agreement
					maxim.
01:16:38-	(S) Barack	23. I probably agree	Assertive	Agreement	The utterance <i>I probably agree</i> and
01:16:46	Obama	on is getting			it'll be a small agreement is a
		businesses to			statement that can be classified as
		work with			kind of assertive. This assertive is
		community			stating utterance. Mr. President in
		colleges so that			his answer is he stated that I
		they're setting up			probably agree. It has some viewed
		their training			with the governor Romney, he also
		programs			agree with the federal government's

				responsibility. But Mr. President
	(H) Mr.	Do you agree,		just minimized agreement, because
I	Lehrer	governor?		in his answer, he used probably and
				small agreement it means that he did
	(S) Barack	let – let – let me		not totally or maximized his
	Obama	just finish the		agreement between himself and
		point		other. It can be known this utterance
				is kind of agreement maxim.
	(S) Mitt	Oh, yeah. Oh,		
F	Romney	yeah		
	(S) Barack	I suspect it'll be a		
	Obama	small agreement		

03:45-03:48	Mitt Romney	24. And the answer is	Assertive	Sympathy	The utterance yes we can help is a
		yes, we can help			statement that can be classified as a
					kind of assertive. This assertive is
					stating utterances that maximize
					sympathy between self and other. So
					Governor Romney was sympathy to
					the woman who needs his help
					about loss of jobs.
09:06-09:08	Mitt Romney	25. They need for jobs	Assertive	Sympathy	The utterance will really help them
		that will really			is a statement that can be classified
		help them			as a kind of assertive. This assertive
					is a stating utterance, Governor
					Romney with his planed who
					wanted to help Americans for

					getting jobs. Governor Romney maximize sympathy between him and Americans, it can be known this statement is a kind of sympathy maxim.
33:40-33:42	Barack Obama	26. What ends up happening is some	Assertive	Sympathy	The utterance <i>some people end up</i> not getting help is a statement that
		people end up			can be classified as a kind of
		not getting help			assertive. This assertive is
					complaining utterance. Mr.
					President complained to governors,
					who didn't creative enough to made
					up for 30 percent of revenue on
					something like medicaid. Mr.

					President maximized sympathy between him and people who didn't get help. It would make some people ended up not got help. Mr. President felt sympathetic to people who didn't get help. It can be known this utterance is kind of sympathy maxim.
01:15:00-	Mitt Romney	27. I want them to be	Assertive	Sympathy	The utterance I want them to be able
01:15:02		able to go to the			to go to the school of their choice is
		school of their			a statement that can be classified as
		choice			kind of assertive. This assertive is
					stating utterance. Governor Romney
					stated that he wanted the kids

		getting federal dollars from IDEA.
		Beside that, there are disable kids or
		poor kids or lower-income kids. He
		felt sympathetic for the kids who did
		not got education. He was
		maximized sympathy between
		himself and poor kids who did not
		got education. It can be known this
		utterance is kind of sympathy
		maxim.

Conclusion for the first debate

Based on data above, it can be concluded that agreement maxims are dominate in the first debate, because have 10 data. It means that two of candidates minimized antipathy between themselves and other. And both candidates maximized sympathy between themselves and other. It will be more polite for two candidates, because they were applied more varieties of maxims in their speech.

Data findings in the second debate session

Timeline	Participant	Utterances	Illocutionary Function	Kinds of maxims	Analysis
24:55-24:56	Mitt Romney	28. I will not let that	Commissive	Tact	The utterance <i>I will not let that</i>
		happen			happen is a statement that can be
					showed the expressing of promising
					or vowing. Promising and vowing
					include in commissive illocution.
					He vowed to audiences to raise
					taxes is not good for American
					people, especially on middle income
					families. He wants to help those
					families to create incentives to start
					growing jobs again in their country.

					He maximized benefit to American people. It can be know this utterance
					as kind of tact maxim.
28:21-28:26	Mitt Romney	29. I'm not looking	Comissive	Tact	The utterance I'm not looking to cut
		to cut taxes for			taxes for wealthy people is a
		wealthy people. I			statement that can be classified as
		am looking to cut			kind of comissive utterance this
		taxes for middle-			comissive is promsing or vowing
		income people			utterance. Governor Romney was
					maximize benefit to American
					people who middle-income people.
					It can be known this utterance as
					kind of tact maxim.

01:28-01:35	Mitt Romney	30. Thank you	Expressive	Approbation	The utterance <i>Thank you</i> is kind of
		Jeremy. I			thanking utterance, and I appreciate
		appreciate your –			is kind of praising utterance. That is
		your question,			including in expressive statement.
		and thank you for			Governor Romney thank for all
		being here this			audience, and also appreciate to
		evening and to all			Jeremy who gave them a question.
		of those from			He maximize praised to other. It can
		Nassau County			be known this utterance as kind of
		that have come,			approbation maxim.
		thank you for			
		your time. Thank			
		you to Hofstra			
		University and to			

		for organizing and leading this – this event. Thank you , Mr. President, also for being part of this – this debate			
03:36-03:38	Barack Obama	31. Jeremy, first of all, your future is bright	Expressive	Approbation	The utterance <i>your future is bright</i> is a statement as kind of expressive. This expressive as kind of praising utterance. Mr. President praised to Jeremy about his future about the chance to get the employment. Mr.

					President maximized praise to
					Jeremy about his bright future. It
					can be known this utterance as kind
					of approbation maxim.
20:52-20-58	Mitt Romney	32. I appreciate wind	Expressive	Approbation	The utterance <i>I appreciate</i> is the
		jobs in Iowa and			statement that can be classified as
		accross our			kind of expressive utterance. This
		country. I			expressive is praising utterance. In
		appreciate the			governor' statement, he said that he
		jobs in coal and			appreciate, it means that he praises
		oil and gas			to people who work in Iowa in coal
					and oil and gas. He maximizes
					praise of other. It can be known this
					utterance as kind of approbation

					maxim.
21:56-21:57	Barack	33. You're doing	Expressive	Approbation	The utterance you're doing great is
	Obama	great			a statement that can be classified as
					kind of expressive. This expressive
					is praising utterance. Mr. President
					praised Mary, so she would not be
					nervous. Mr. President maximize his
					praise to Mary. It can be known this
					utterance as kind of approbation
					maxim.
22:11-22:14	Mitt Romney	34. Thank you very	Expressive	Approbation	The utterance thank you very much
		much, and let me			is a statement that can be classified
		tell you, you're			as kind of expressive utterance. This
		absolutely right			expressive is thanking utterance.

		about part of that			Governor Romney thank to Mary,
					after she delivering her question,
					and governor Romney also praises
					Mary. In Mary's statement is <i>you're</i>
					absolutely right. That utterance is
					kind of expressive as kind of
					praising utterance. He also praise to
					Mary. He maximizes praise to
					Mary. It can be known this
					utterances is kind of approbation
					maxim.
31:37-31:40	Mitt Romney	35. Now, Governor	Expressive	Approbation	The utterance now Governor
		Romney was a			Romney was a very successful
		very successful			investor as kind of expressive

		investor			utterance. This expressive is
					praising utterance. Because Mr.
					President praise the Governor
					Romney with his plan. Mr.
					President was maximizing praise to
					Governor Romney. It can be known
					this utterance as kind of approbation
					maxim.
35:01-35:02	Barack	36. Well, Katherine,	Expressive	Approbation	The utterance well, Katherine, that's
	Obama	that's a great			a great question, is a statement that
		question			can be classified as kind of
					expressive. This expressive is
					praising utterance. As a good
					speaker, Mr. President speak

					politely exactly, always praised the audience who delivered their question. Mr. President maximizes praise to Katherine because of her question. It can be known this utterance as kind of approbation maxim.
43:30-43:32	Mitt Romney	37. Thank you. And I appreciate that question	Expressive	Approbation	The utterance <i>thank you</i> is a statement that can be classified as kind of thanking utterance, and the
					is a statement than can be classified as kind of praising. That's

01:32:38- 01:32:40	Mitt Romney	38. Thank you, and that's an opportunity for me, and I appreciate it	Expressive	Approbation	utterances is kind of expressive utterances. Governor Romney thank to Susan Katz and he praised her. Governor Romney maximized praise to Susan Katz. It can be known that utterances as kind of approbation maxim. The utterance thank you is thanking utterance, and the utterance I appreciate it is praising utterance. Both utterances can be classified as kind of expressive. Governor Romney thank to Barry Green and he appreciates her for his
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					opportunity who first can answer that question. Governor Romney
					maximizes praise to Barry Green. It
					can be known those utterances as
					kind of approbation maxim.
01:35:51-	Barack	39. I believe	Expressive	Approbation	The utterance I believe Governor
01:35:52	Obama	Governor			Romney is a good man as kind of
		Romney is a good			expressive. This expressive is
		man			praising utterance. Mr. President
					Barack Obama praises Governor
					Romney with his plan. His plan
					wants to reduce tax rate, and it
					would be created new jobs. Mr.
					President maximizes praise to

					Governor Romney. It can be known
					this utterance as kind of approbation
					maxim.
01:18:43-	Mitt Romney	40. I totally agree	Assertive	Agreement	The utterance <i>I totally agree</i> is a
01:18:44					statement that can be classified as
					kind of assertive utterance. This
					assertive is stating utterance.
					Governor Romney stated that he
					totally agree with Mr. President's
					statement about school. Children
					will get education with good school.
					Governor Romney maximizes
					agreement between himself and Mr.
					President. It can be known this

					utterance as kind of agreement
					maxim.
01:27:56-	Barack	41. And both	Assertive	Agreement	The utterance and both governor
01:27:28	Obama	Governor			Romney and I agree is a statement
		Romney and I			that can be classified as kind of
		agree actually that			assertive. This assertive is stating
		we should lower			utterance. Mr. President stated that
		our corporate tax			they agree with reduced tax rate.
		rate			Mr. President maximizes agreement
					between himself and Governor
					Romney. It can be known this
					utterance as kind of agreement
					maxim.
					Romney. It can be known this utterance as kind of agreement

40:15-40:21	Mitt Romney	42. I'm going to help	Assertive	Sympathy	The utterance <i>I'm going to help</i>
		women in			women in America get good work is
		America get good			a statement that can be classified as
		work by getting a			kind of assertive. This assertive is
		stronger economy			stating utterance. Governor Romney
		and by supporting			states that he wants to help women
		women in the			in America to get good work. He
		workplace			feel sympathetic for women who did
					not get job. Governor Romney
					maximizes sympathy between
					himself and women in America to
					get good work. It can be known this
					utterance as kind of sympathy
					maxim.

54:09-54:11	Mitt Romney	43. There are more	Assertive	Sympathy	The utterance there are more people
		people in			in poverty is a statement that can be
		poverty, one out			classified as kind of assertive. This
		of six people in			assertive is reporting utterance.
		poverty			Governor Romney has been
					reported the American people who
					loosed jobs, so that's why he felt
					sympathetic for American people,
					he said that there are more people in
					poverty. Governor Romney
					maximized sympathetic to
					American people who
					unemployment or loosed jobs. It can
					be known this utterance as kind of

					sympathy maxim.
01:09:41-	Mitt Romney	44. I – I'm feel very	Assertive	Sympathy	The utterance I feel very deeply
01:09:45		deeply			sympathetic is a statement that can
		symapthetic for			be classified as kind of assertive.
		the families of			This assertive is stating utterance.
		those who lost			Governor Romney stated that he felt
		loved ones			very deeply sympathetic for the
					families of those who lost loved
					ones when the tragedy happened.
					Governor Romney maximized
					sympathy between himself and
					other. It can be known this utterance
					as kind of sympathy maxim.

Conclusion for the second debate

Based on data above, it can be concluded that approbation maxims are dominate in third debate, because have 10 data or utterances include in approbation maxim, and also expressive illocution are dominant. It means that the two candidates praise to other, because in expressive illocution was dominantly praising utterances. Each candidate minimized dispraise of other and maximize praised of other.

Data findings in the third debate session

Timeline	Participant	Utterances	Illocutionary Function	Kinds of maxims	Analysis
02:30-02:39	Mitt Romney	45. Thank you , Bob,	Expressive and	Approbation	The utterances <i>thank you</i> is the
		and thank you for	assertive		utterance as that can be showed
		agreeing to			expressing of thanking. Governor
		moderate this			Romney also stated that thank you
		debate this			for agreeing to moderate, and also
		evening. Thank			praised to Mr. President with stated
		you to Lynn			that it's good to be with you again.
		Univeristy for			Those utterances as kind of
		welcoming us			expressive and assertive illocution.
		here, and Mr.			Governor Romney maximizes
		President, it's			praised to other. It can be known

		good to be with			those utterances as kind of
		you again			approbation maxim.
06:30-06:35	Barack	46. And you know,	Expressive	Approbation	The utterance I'm glad that you
	Obama	Governor			agree is a statement that can be
		Romney, I'm glad			classified as kind of expressive. This
		that you agree			expressive is praising utterance. He
		that we have			praised to governor Romney, with
		been successful			stated that he glad that governor
		in going after Al-			Romney is agree that they have been
		Qaida			successful in going after Al-Qaida.
					This utterance not classified into
					agreement maxim, because have
					agree statement, but the researcher
					looked that Mr. President praised to

					governor. Mr. President maximized praise to governor Romney. It can be known this utterance is kind of approbation maxim.
48:58-49:00	Barack Obama	47. I'm glad that Governor Romney agrees with the steps that we're taking	Expressive	Approbation	The utterance I'm glad that Governor Romney agrees with their steps that we're taking is a statement that can be classified as kind of expressive. This expressive is praising utterance. Mr. President glad to the governor Romney who agrees with their steps. So that Mr. President maximized praise to Governor Romney. It can be known

					this utterance as kind of approbation
					maxim.
01:36:58-	Barack	48. That's great	Expressive	Approbation	The utterance that's great is a
01:36:59	Obama				statement that can be classified as
					kind of expressive. This expressive
					is praising utterance. Mr. President
					praised to moderator, because the
					moderator said to his mom to go
					vote, it can be made his mom felt
					big and strong. Mr. President
					maximized praise to moderator with
					his jobs. It can be known this
					utterance as kind of approbation
					maxim.

Conclusion for the third debate

Based on research findings in the third debate can be concluded that the data was found are 4 data, where these data just one maxim which used the two candidates in third USA Presidential election debate. This politeness maxim is not varieties, because just one maxim is found by the researcher. That maxim itself is approbation maxim include in expressive illocution. It means that, this maxim also dominate in third debate. The two candidates more polite in their speech, they praised to other, in their speech they thanking and praising to other.

Curriculum Vitae



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Novantia Dewi Kundji was born in Wonggarasi Barat, November, 28th 1994 from the marriage couple of Harun Kundji and Asni Panigoro. She graduated her Elementary School in SDN 1 Lemito, 2006. Then she continued her study in Junior High School at SMP Negeri 1 Lemito and finished her study in 2009. Afterward she enrolled as the student in Senior high school at SMA Negeri 1 Lemito and finished her study in 2012. Then, she was a lucky student who has been honored to be a student of English Education Study Program in Faculty of Letters and Culture Universitas Negeri Gorontalo. During the time of her study in Universitas Negeri Gorontalo, she joined some programs and academic activities.

- 1. The participant of Masa Orientasi Mahasiswa Baru (MOMB) 2012
- The participant of Pelatihan Komputer dan Internet Universitas Negeri Gorontalo in 2012
- 3. The participants of Marching Band Gita Civica Universitas Negeri Gorontalo (MBGC UNG)

- The participant of Program Dialog Fokus dengan Topik "Penerapan Hukum yang Salah dan Penerapan Undang-Undang No. 16 Tahun 2011 Tentang Bantuan Hukum" in 2012
- The participant of Konser Kolaborasi Kolosal Marching Band Gita Civica (MBGC) Universitas Negeri Gorontalo at Indoor UNG on June 22nd in 2013
- 6. The participant of Cross Cultural Understanding 2014
- The Participant of International Conference on Malay Language and cultures held by Language Development Center in 2013
- 8. The participant of speaking Ekspo of English Department 2014
- 9. The participant of week of field work in Manado 2015
- The participant of Workshop of Academic Writing held in ELC Education
 Manado on April 21st 2015
- 11. The participant of second International Students Conference 2015
- 12. The participant of teaching Practice II at SMP Negeri 1 Kabila, Kabupaten Bone Bolango 2015
- 13. The participant of KKS pengabdian in Leboto village, Kwandang, District of North Gorontalo 2015.
- 14. The participant of seminar Public Speaking "Tampil Berani Tanpa Grogi" held by Ronal Hutagalung, October 22nd 2016

These activities trained her to learn more about becoming experiencing personality in order to understand the opportunities to be a better scholar.