Chapter V

Conclusion and Suggestion

In this chapter the researcher would be explained about the conclusion of this research data and suggestion to improve students' achievement especially in reading narrative text.

Conclusion

Based on explanation of the previous chapter, the researcher would like to draw a conclusion of this research. Viewing the result of the research in which was held in eight grade students at Junior High School, where class 8-1 consist of 23 students, it can be concluded the students could improve their reading achievement through STAD (Students Team Achievement Division) technique, especially narrative text. The students' also can acquire more vocabulary and making prediction of the text. In addition, they also can easily to find out the generic structure and the main idea of the text also the inference, implicit meaning, and explicit meaning of the text. Furthermore, the students' improvement of reading comprehension of narrative text can be seen clearly in the hypothesis of this research that is "STAD technique can improve significantly students' achievement in reading narrative text can be received. Based on the criteria, H₁ will be received if t-list smaller than t-count (t-list < t-count). Based on the discussion above, the value of t-count is 4,92, and then the degree of freedom (n-1) is 22 at the level significance of $\alpha = 0.05$ (see appendix 19 and 20). And then the value of t-list is 1,72. It means that the hypothesis of H₁ will be accepted if t-count \geq t-list or 4,92 \geq 1,72. On the other words, STAD technique can improve

students' achievement in reading narrative text or the hypothesis of this research is accepted.

Suggestion

Based on the research result, the researcher would like to give some suggestions. In studying reading at the classroom, the teacher should be creative to apply appropriate technique, method, strategy, approach and media of the teaching reading to improve students' achievement especially for teaching reading narrative text. By applying STAD (Students Team Achievement division technique in reading class make the students enjoy and serious to answer the difficult question, in addition, it makes students are not bored in the class.

The teachers should pay more attention to students' activity during the teaching learning process in order to achieve the goal of research or makes students active in learning. In addition, while using STAD (*Students Team Achievement Division*) technique, the teacher should motivate students to be active at the process to analyze the text. The last suggestion, the researcher suggests for further research to conduct the same research in different kind of texts and different sample.

References

- Anderson, and A. (2003). *Narrative text in teaching English*. Retrieved March, 06, 2015 from https://teachingenglish4all.wordpress.com/2010/07/02/narrative-text-in-teaching-english/
- Arikunto. (1998). Prosedur Penelitian. Jakarta: Rineka Cipta
- Bima,and kurniawati. (2005). *Let's talk grade VIII for Junior High School*. Bandung: Pakar Raya.
- Cruse, D. A. (2000). *Meaning in Language: An Introduction to Semantics and Pragmatics*. New York: Oxford University Press.
- Djiwandono. (2008). Tes Bahasa. Jakarta: Index
- Englishindo. *Generic structure dari narrative text*. Retrieved May 20, 2015. From http://www.englishindo.com/2015/04/contoh-narrative-text.html?m=1
- Fountas, I. C., & Pinnell, G. S. (2006). *Teaching for comprehending and fluency: Thinking, talking, and writing about reading, K-8.* Portsmouth, NH:

 Heinemann.
- Furchan, A. (2011). *Pengantar penelitian dalam Pendidikan*. Yogyakarta: Pustaka Pelajar.
- Grabe, W and Stoller, F. L (2002). *Teaching and researching reading*. Great Britain: Pearson Education reserved.
- Grabe, W. (2009). *Reading in a Second Language*. New York: Cambridge University Press.

- Hattie, J. and Timperley.H. (2007). *The Power of feedback*. Review of Educational Research, 77, 81-112.
- Heilman, Blair.Ruplay. (1961). *Principle and Practices of Teaching Reading*.

 Retrieved January, 21, 2016 from

 http://perpus.iainsalatiga.ac.id/docfiles/fulltext/5a0b05bf82cecd86.pdf.
- Imaduddin, F. (2011). The effectiveness of using students teams achievement division (stad) technique in teaching direct and indirect speech of statement.

 Retrieved January, 27, 2016 from FAHMAN IMADUDDIN-FITK.PDF
- Inombi, R. (2014). *Improving the students' reading ability in narrative text by*rotation trio exchange method. Retrieved March 15, 2017 from

 http://kim.ung.ac.id/index.php/KIMFSB/article/download/5451/5418
- Jefferson, T. (2014). Department of Neurology. University, Philadelphia Pennsylvanis, U.S.A.
- Jensen, M. (2010). *Improving reading comprehension of junior division students as*the teacher—librarian: an action research study. Retrieved from

 http://tmcanada.pbworks.com/f/ARJensensz2.pdf
- Karmawati, Yusuf. (2010). *Keunggulan dan Kekurangan Pembelajaran Kooperatif*tipe STAD. Retrieved Juli 27, 2015. From

 https://suryanullah91.wordpress.com/2012/10/
- Laelasari, A. (2013). The use of students team achievement division (stad) to improve reading comprehension. Retrieved Juli 18, 2015. From http://perpus.iainsalatiga.ac.id/docfiles/fulltext/5a0b05bf82cecd86.pdf.

- Lasese, E. R. (2011). *Improving stuedent's reading ability through think pair share technique at junior high school.* Gorontalo: Letter and culture faculty, English department, state university of gorontalo.
- Learningself. *Example of narrative text about cinderella story*. Retrieved March, 06, 2015 from http://freeenglishcourse.info/cinderella-story-the-clearest-example-of-narrative-text/
- Mikulecky, B, S. and Jeffries, L. (2000). Reading Power. Pearson. Logman.
- Mithchell. S. (2002). *Explicit and Implicit in Reading Comprehension*. Retrieved March, 12, 2015 from http://www.ehow.com/info_8365402_explicit-implicit-reading-comprehension.html
- Nicol, D. & Draper, S. (2008). *Redesigning written feedback to students when class sizes are large*. Paper presented at the Improving University Teachers Conference, July, Glasgow.
- Novika, T. N. (2011). The effectiveness of student team achievement division (stad) technique in teaching reading comprehension of the eighth grade students of smp negeri 03 wanasari in the academic year 2010/1022. Retrieved March, 18, 2015 from https://andynuriman.files.wordpress.com/2011/10/tria-novika-ningrum.pdf
- Nurul, M. I. (2011). The effectiveness of jigsaw technique in improving students' reading comprehension at the eighth grade of smp islam parung. Retrieved January, 22, 2015 from MEGASARI NURUL INAYATI-FITK.pdf

- Olson, J.P. and M.H Dillner. (1982). *Learning to Teach Reading in Elementary School*. London: Macmillan Publishing Company
- Puji, D. W. (2013). Pengaruh model student team achievement division (stad)

 terhadap peningkatan minat dan hasil belajar siswa pada materi ekosistem

 kelas VII smp. Semarang: Fakultas pendidikan matematika daln ilmu

 pengetahuan alam. Pendidikan biologi, IKIP PGRI Semarang.
- Puspita, S. S. (2007). The effectiveness of pre-reading activities to improve students' reading comprehension. Retrieved January 09, 2015 from <u>82892-SARA</u>

 <u>PUSPITA SARI-FITK.pdf</u>
- Rebecca. (2003). *Narrative text in teaching English*. Retrieved March, 06, 2015 from https://teachingenglish4all.wordpress.com/2010/07/02/narrative-text-in-teaching-english/
- Rusman. (2011). Model Model Pembelajaran: Mengembangkan Profesionalisme

 Guru. Jakarta: Rajawali Press
- Savage, John F and Jean F. Mooney. (1997). *Teaching Reading to Children with Special Needs*, London: Allyn and Bacon, inc
- Sharan, S. (1994). *Handbook of cooperative learning methods*. Westport: Preager Publisher
- Slavin, R. E. (1991). Synthesis of research on cooperative learning. Educational Leadership, 48 (5), 70-88.
- Slavin, R. E. (1995). *Cooperative Learning Theory*. Research and Practice, England: John Hopkins University.

Sudjana. (2002). Metode statistika. Bandung: Tarsito

Sugiyono. (2013). *Metode Penelitian Kuantitatif, Kualitatif, dan R & D.* Bandung:

Alfabeta

Sugiyono. (2009). Metode penelitian pendidikan. Bandung: Alfabeta

Suprijono, A. (2009). Cooperative Learning. Yogyakarta: Pustaka Belajar

Suryabrata, S. (2005). Metodologi Penelitian. Jakarta: PT Raja Grafindo Persada

Wong, W. (2009). *Classroom management*. Retrieved March 10, 2016 from https://mabernhard.wordpress.com/classroom-management/

Worther. (2000). *Inference in reading*. Cited in Djiwandono's book. *Tes Bahasa*. (2008). Jakarta: Index