

PERSETUJUAN PEMBIMBING

Skripsi yang berjudul:

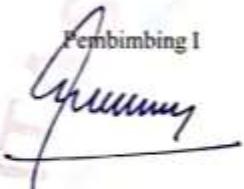
Hubungan Pengetahuan, Pendidikan, dan Sikap Keluarga dengan
Keterlambatan Keluarga Membawa pasien Stroke ke RSUD Prof. Dr. H.
Aloe Saboe Kota Korontalo

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LEMBAR PENGESAHAN

Skripsi yang berjudul:

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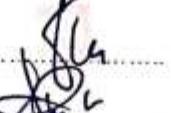
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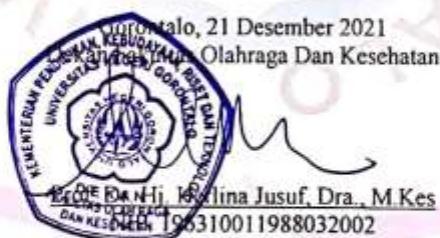
Telah dipertahankan di depan dewan penguji

Hari/Tanggal : Selasa, 21 Desember 2021
Waktu : 15.00 WITA

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ABSTRAK

Fandariany R. Dude. 2021. *Hubungan Pengetahuan, Pendidikan, dan Sikap Keluarga Dengan Keterlambatan Keluarga Membawa Pasien Stroke ke RSUD Prof. Dr. H. Aloe Saboe.* Skripsi, Program Studi Ilmu Keperawatan, Fakultas Olahraga dan Kesehatan, Universitas Negeri Gorontalo. **Pembimbing I Dr. dr. Muhamad Isman Yusuf, Sp.S** dan **Pembimbing II Ns. Zulkifli B. Pomalango, M.Kep.**

Stroke merupakan kedaruratan medis. Keterlambatan membawa pasien mendapatkan pertolongan dapat meningkatkan angka kematian dan kecacatan. Keluarga berperan penting dalam pengambilan keputusan untuk penanganan medis pasien. Pada observasi awal ada 8 dari 10 keluarga yang terlambat membawa pasien kerumah sakit.

Metode Penelitian ini adalah penelitian kuantitatif. Desain yang digunakan analitik korelasional dengan pendekatan *cross sectional*. Populasi penelitian ini seluruh pasien stroke yang dirawat di RSUD Prof. Dr. H. Aloe Saboe, jumlah sampel 35 responden. Teknik pengambilan sampel *accidental sampling*. Analisa yang digunakan adalah analisa bivariat dengan menggunakan uji *chi-square*. Hasil penelitian didapatkan hubungan terhadap faktor pengetahuan, dan sikap keluarga ($\rho= 0.001$), sedangkan faktor pendidikan keluarga tidak terdapat hubungan yang signifikan ($\rho= 0.997$)

Kesimpulannya keluarga lebih banyak tidak mengetahui tanda dan gejala pasti pasien stroke, dan keluarga tidak langsung membawa pasien stroke saat pasien mengalami serangan awal stroke

Kata Kunci : Stroke, Pengetahuan, Pendidikan, Sikap, Keterlambatan keluarga

Daftar Pustaka : 31 (2007 – 2021)

**THE CORRELATION BETWEEN FAMILY'S KNOWLEDGE,
QUALIFICATION, AND ATTITUDE WITH FAMILY DELAYS IN
BRINGING STROKE PATIENTS TO RSUD (REGIONAL PUBLIC
HOSPITAL) PROF. DR. H. ALOEI SABOE**

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ABSTRACT

Fandriany R. Dude. 2021. *The Correlation between Family's Knowledge, Qualification, and Attitude with Family Delays in Bringing Stroke Patients to the RSUD (Regional Public Hospital) Prof. Dr. H. Aloei Saboe.* Undergraduate Thesis, Study Program of Nursing, Faculty of Sports and Health, State University of Gorontalo. The Principal Supervisor is Dr. dr. Muhammad Isman Yusuf, Sp.S, and the Co-supervisor is Ns. Zulkifli B. Pomalango, M.Kep.

Strokes are medical emergency that requires urgent treatment. Therefore, delays in bringing patients for medical treatment can increase the mortality and disability rates. Besides, the family has an essential role in making decisions for the medical treatment of patients. The initial observation obtained that eight out of ten families were late in bringing patients to the hospital.

This research employed a quantitative research method, and the design used was a correlational analytical research design with a cross-sectional approach. The research population was the whole stroke patients treated at RSUD Prof. Dr. H. Aloei Saboe, with samples of 35 respondents. At the same time, the sampling technique used accidental sampling, while the data analysis was done by bivariate analysis using a chi-square test. The research finding revealed that there was a correlation between factors of family's knowledge and attitude with family delays in bringing stroke patients to the hospital with a p-value of 0.001. Otherwise, there was no correlation between family qualification and family delays in bringing stroke patients to the hospital with a p-value of 0.997.

In conclusion, families did not comprehend the most common signs and symptoms of stroke patients, and they were not directly bringing the stroke patients when the patient experienced the initial stroke.

Keywords : Stroke, Knowledge, Qualification, Attitude, Family Delays
References : 31 (2007-2021)

