

ABSTRACT

Sophia Pratiwi, 2014. *Factors Associated with Uterine Involution Acceleration on Vaginal Postpartum Mother in Delivery Room of RSUD TOTO Kabila, District of Bone Bolango*. Skripsi, Department of S1 Nursing, Faculty of Health and Sport Sciences, Universitas Negeri Gorontalo. The principal supervisor was Dr. Zuhriana K Yusuf M.Kes and co supervisor was Wirda Y. Dulahu S.Kep Ns M.Kep.

Postpartum case is very frequently occurred and the causes are various as one of them is considered to encounter involution in abnormal way or sub uterine involution. The research aimed to understand factors related to uterine involution acceleration on vaginal postpartum mother in delivery room of RSUD TOTO Kabila, district of Bone Bolango.

The research design was survey analytic by having cross sectional approach. population were all mothers who experienced vaginal postpartum in delivery room of RSUD TOTO Kabila and sampling applied purposive sampling as they were 34 people. The instruments were questionnaire and observation. Data analysis were through Fisher's Exact Test.

The result showed that there were relation among term of age ($p=0,021$), early mobilization ($p=0,028$), early nursing initiation ($p=0,012$) through uterine involution acceleration on vaginal postpartum mother and there was no relation between parity and uterine involution acceleration on vaginal postpartum mother with $p=0,672$.

To sum up, there was relation among age, early mobilization, early nursing initiation, and uterine involution acceleration on vaginal postpartum mother whereas there was no relation between parity and uterine involution acceleration on vaginal postpartum mother. It is suggested to postpartum mother to do early mobilization and early breastfeeding initiation.

Keywords: Uterine Involution, Vaginal Postpartum



